## 99-1 Preliminary Syllabus, Da-Yeh Univ

Information			
Title	組織行為	Serial No. / ID	1767 / BAM3009
Dept.	企業管理學系	School System / Class	大學日間部3年2班
Lecturer	龐畯菱	Full or Part-time	專任
Required / Credit	Required / 3	Graduate Class	No
Time / Place	(−)78 / J420 (Ξ)3 / B303	Language	Chinese

## Introduction

Organizational Behavior is the study of individual behavior and group dynamics in organizations

## Outline

- 1 Flexible Working Conditions
- 2 Diversity in the Workplace
- 3 Job Insecurity
- 4 Personality, Perception, and Attribution
- 4.1 Individual Differences and Organizational Behavior
- 4.2 Social Perception
- 4.3 Personality
- 4.4 Application of Personality Theory in Organizations: The Meyers-Briggs Type Indicator Instrument
- 4.5 Attribution in Organizations and Managerial Implications: Using Personality, Perception, and Attribution at Work
- 5 Communication
- 5.1 Interpersonal Communication
- 5.1.1 Reflective Listening
- 5.2 Affirming Contact
- 5.3 Paraphrasing the Expressed
- 5.4 Clarifying the Implicit
- 5.5 Reflecting "Core" Feelings
- 5.6 Silence
- 5.7 Eye Contact
- 5.8 One-Way Versus Two-Way Communication
- 5.9 Five Keys To Effective Supervisory Communication
- 5.9.1 Expressive Speakers
- 5.9.2 Empathetic Listeners
- 5.9.3 Persuasive Leaders
- 5.9.4 Sensitive to Feelings
- 5.9.5 Informative Managers
- 5.10 Barriers and Gateways to Communication
- 5.10.1 Physical Separation

- 5.10.2 Status Differences
- 5.10.3 Gender Differences
- 5.10.4 Cultural Diversity
- 5.10.5 Language
- 5.11 Defensive and Nondefensive Communication
- 5.11.1 Defensive Communication
- 5.11.2 Subordinate Defensiveness
- 5.11.3 Dominant Defensiveness
- 5.11.4 Defensive Tactics
- 5.11.5 Nondefensive Communication
- 5.12 Nonverbal Communication
- 5.12.1 Proxemics
- 5.12.2 Facial and Eye Behavior
- 5.12.3 Paralanguage
- 5.12.4 How Accurately Do We Decode Nonverbal Cues?
- 5.13 Positive, Healthy Communication
- 5.14 Communication Through New Technologies
- 5.14.1 Written communication
- 5.14.2 Communication Technologies
- 6 Attitudes, Values, and Ethics
- 6.1 ABC Model of Attitude
- 6.2 How Attitudes Are Formed
- 6.3 Job Satisfaction and Organizational Commitment
- 6.4 Source, Target, and Message
- 6.5 Instrumental and Terminal Values
- 6.6 Managing in Globalization
- 6.7 Ethical Behavior
- 7 Stress
- 7.1 What is Stress?
- 7.2 The Four Approaches to Stress
- 7.3 The Stress Response
- 7.4 Work Stress
- 7.4.1 Four Categories of Work Demands
- 7.5 Non-Work Demands
- 7.6 Stress-Strain Relationships
- 7.6.1 Individual Differences in the Stress-Strain Relationships
- 7.6.2 Gender Differences
- 7.6.3 Type A Behavior Pattern
- 7.6.4 Personality Hardiness
- 7.6.5 Self-Reliance
- 7.7 Consequences of Stress
- 7.8 Performance and Health Benefits
- 7.9 Individual Distress
- 7.10 Organizational Distress
- 8 Motivation
- 8.1 Expectancy Theory of Motivation
- 8.2 Theory Social Exchange and Equity
- 8.3 McClelland 's Need Theory